Name

review/assessment questions

- What were some of the causes of the development of an industrial workforce? Use the automobile industry as an example.
- 3. What did Henry Ford do to successfully sell so many automobiles?

- What have been some of the consequences of the development of an industrial workforce? Use the automobile industry as an example.
- 4. What impact has the automobile had on American society?



- How and why did consumption change during the 1920s? How does this impact society today?
- 8. What are the characteristics of innovators and entrepreneurs?

- What impact has industrialization had on the economy? Use the automobile industry as an example.
- 11. What were some of the differences between industrial processes in the United States and other countries, like Japan?

 What impact has industrialization had on the environment? Use automobiles as an example.



review/assessment questions

 What were some of the causes of the development of an industrial workforce? Use the automobile industry as an example.

The \$5 day allowed workers to make good money and so workers stayed in industrial jobs. (USHG 6.1.5)

 What have been some of the consequences of the development of an industrial workforce? Use the automobile industry as an example.

The \$5 day created a middle-class industrial workforce that received high wages for low-skill jobs. Workers responded to attempts to decrease wages by forming unions, which remain strong socially and politically. (USHG 6.1.5) 3. What did Henry Ford do to successfully sell so many automobiles?

Henry Ford was able to make automobiles affordable due to his innovation of the assembly line. He and other automobile manufacturers also used marketing strategies to promote the mass consumption of cars. (USHG 6.1.5)

4. What impact has the automobile had on American society?

In so many ways, our daily lives are based around automobiles: the way we travel, the things we buy, the things we build — even the songs we sing and movies we watch often involve cars. (USHG 6.1.5)

5. What were some of the causes of the automobile's impact on American society?

The affordability of the automobile and marketing strategies are two reasons for the widespread adoption of the automobile. (USHG 6.1.5)

 How and why did consumption change during the 1920s? How does this impact society today?

Mass production and mass advertising created mass consumption by the 1920s. American society today is a consumer culture in which buying and using goods is a valued cultural activity. (USHG 7.1.1)

7. What is occurring in the American automobile industry today?

Unions remain a force in the automobile industry. Opportunities for auto plant jobs now require a certain level of education and skill. (USHG 9.1.1, E 3.2.5)

8. What are the characteristics of innovators and entrepreneurs?

Characteristics include vision, taking advantage of opportunities to learn, talent, perseverance after failure, a willingness to take risks, an ability to identify and attract outstanding people, curiosity, breaking the rules, collaboration, recognizing and solving problems that address real needs, and embracing risk and the lessons of failure, among others. (E 1.1.2) What impact has industrialization had on the economy? Use the automobile industry as an example.

Industrialization has created an industrial workforce, mass production and mass consumption. (WHG 6.2.3)

 What impact has industrialization had on the environment? Use automobiles as an example.

The extraction of materials and manufacturing of automobiles pollutes the environment. The use of automobiles requires extraction and conversion of resources into fuel and causes emissions pollution. When automobiles are no longer usable, they must be discarded. Then the process continues. (WHG 6.2.3)

11. What were some of the differences between industrial processes in the United States and other countries, like Japan?

In the United States, the assembly line was managed and improved by engineers and management through scientific management. In Japan, assembly line workers were involved in the improvement of quality and productivity. The United States eventually adopted the same approach and now workers need some education and skill to get an entry-level job at an auto plant. (WHG 6.2.3)