Charter of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors

I. Purpose

The Audit Committee shall provide assistance to the directors of the Company in fulfilling their responsibility to the shareholders relating to corporate accounting matters, the financial reporting practices of the Company, and the quality and integrity of the financial reports of the Company. The Audit Committee's purpose is to:

- (1) Assist the Board's oversight of:
 - The reliability and integrity of the Company's accounting policies and financial reporting and disclosure practices;
 - The establishment and maintenance of processes to assure compliance with all relevant laws, regulations, and Company policy, including a process for receipt of complaints and concerns regarding management fraud and accounting, internal control or auditing matters:
 - The independent auditor's qualifications and independence; and
 - The performance of the Company's internal audit function and independent auditor.
- (2) Prepare the report of the Audit Committee to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.

II. Structure and Operations

Composition and Qualifications

The Audit Committee shall be comprised of three or more directors as determined by the Board (upon the recommendation of the Nominating and Governance Committee), each of whom shall be an "independent" director for purposes of Audit Committee membership in accordance with the rules of the New York Stock Exchange and any other applicable legal or regulatory requirement. (See the Attachment for the definition of independence.) No director may serve as a member of the Audit Committee if such director serves on the audit committee of more than two other public companies unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such director to serve effectively on the Audit Committee, and such determination is disclosed in the Company's proxy statement.

All members of the Audit Committee shall, in the judgment of the Board, be financially literate, which at a minimum means possessing a working familiarity with basic finance and accounting practices, and at least one member of the Audit Committee shall, in the judgment of the Board, have accounting or related financial management expertise. The Audit Committee shall also disclose, in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements, whether any member of the Audit Committee is a "financial expert," as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Appointment and Removal

The members of the Audit Committee shall be designated by the Board annually and shall serve until such member's successor is duly designated or until such member's earlier resignation or removal. Any member of the Audit Committee may be removed, with or without cause, by a majority vote of the Board. Unless a Chair is designated by the full Board, the members of the Audit Committee shall designate a Chair by majority vote of the full Audit Committee membership. The Chair will chair all regular sessions of the Audit Committee and set the agenda for Audit Committee meetings.

Delegation to Subcommittees

In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Audit Committee shall be entitled to delegate any or all of its responsibilities to a subcommittee of the Audit Committee and, to the extent not expressly reserved to the Audit Committee by the Board or by applicable law, rule or regulation, to any other committee of directors of the Company appointed by it, which may or may not be composed of members of the Audit Committee.

III. Meetings

The Audit Committee shall ordinarily meet at least four times annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate. Any member of the Audit Committee may call meetings of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall meet periodically with each of management, the General Auditor, the Director of Compliance and the independent auditor, separately, to discuss any matters that the Audit Committee or these activities believe should be discussed privately. In addition, the Audit Committee (or at minimum its Chair) should receive quarterly communications from the independent auditor and management regarding financial results, consistent with Section IV.1 below and communications on at least an annual basis from the Director of Compliance on the results of the reporting system and any material issues regarding compliance with laws or Company policy.

Any director of the Company who is not a member of the Audit Committee may attend meetings of the Audit Committee; provided, however, that any director who is not a member of the Audit Committee may not vote on any matter coming before the Audit Committee for a vote. The Audit Committee also may invite to its meetings any member of management of the Company and such other persons as it deems appropriate in order to carry out its responsibilities. The Audit Committee may meet in executive session, as the Audit Committee deems necessary or appropriate.

IV. Responsibilities and Duties

The following functions shall be common recurring activities of the Audit Committee in carrying out its purpose set forth in Section I of this Charter. These functions should serve as a guide with the understanding that the Audit Committee may carry out additional functions and adopt additional policies and procedures as may be appropriate in light of changing business, legislative, regulatory, legal or other conditions.

The Audit Committee, in discharging its oversight role, is empowered to study or investigate any matter of interest or concern within the purpose of the Audit Committee that the Audit Committee deems appropriate or necessary and shall have the sole authority to retain and terminate

outside counsel or other experts for this purpose, including the authority to approve the fees payable to such counsel or experts and any other terms of retention.

To fulfill its responsibilities and duties, the Audit Committee shall:

Documents/Reports Review

- (1) Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the annual and quarterly financial statements prior to their filing, including the Company's disclosure under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and a discussion with the independent auditor of the matters required to be communicated by applicable Statements of Auditing Standards.
- (2) Discuss generally the Company's philosophy and processes associated with earnings press releases and financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies.
- (3) Review with the independent auditor all critical accounting policies and practices to be used; all alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor; and other material written communications between the independent auditor and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences.

The Independent Auditor

- (4) Have the sole authority and responsibility to select (subject to shareholder ratification), evaluate, determine the compensation of and, where appropriate, replace the independent auditor. The Audit Committee shall review the performance of the independent auditor periodically and make determinations regarding the appointment or termination of the independent auditor. The independent auditor is ultimately accountable to the Audit Committee for such auditor's review of the financial statements and controls of the Company. On an annual basis, the Audit Committee will review and discuss with the independent auditor all significant relationships the auditor has with the Company to determine the auditor's independence.
- (5) At least annually, obtain and review a report by the independent auditor describing: the independent auditing firm's internal quality-control procedures; any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company.

- (6) Oversee the independence of the auditor by:
 - Receiving from the independent auditor, on a periodic basis, a formal
 written statement delineating all relationships between the independent
 auditor and the Company consistent with Independence Standards Board
 Standards and with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.
 - Reviewing, and actively discussing with the Board, if necessary, and the independent auditor, on a periodic basis, any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the auditor and to pre-approve any non-audit engagement between the Company and the independent auditor consistent with regulatory requirements and disclose any such engagements in the periodic reports of the Company.
 - Developing clear hiring policies for employees or former employees of the independent auditor.
 - Recommending, if necessary, that the Board take certain action to satisfy itself of the auditor's independence.
 - Ensuring that the lead audit partner, the concurring review partner, the client service partner and other partners directly involved in the performance of the audit, of the independent auditor are rotated at least every five years.

Financial Reporting Process

- (7) In consultation with the independent auditor and the internal auditor, review the integrity of the financial reporting processes, both internal and external.
- (8) Review, with the Company's Disclosure Committee: (i) the Company's disclosure controls and procedures; (ii) any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls of the Company which could adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data; and (iii) any fraud, material or otherwise, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls.
- (9) Consider and approve, if appropriate, major changes to auditing and accounting principles and practices as suggested by the independent auditor, management, or the General Auditor's Office.
- (10) Establish regular systems for review with the Audit Committee by finance management, the independent auditor and the General Auditor's Office reports regarding any significant judgments made, or significant disagreements, in management's preparation of the financial statements. As a part thereof, the Audit Committee shall review any problems or difficulties encountered during the course of the review or audit, including any restrictions on the scope of work or access to required information and management's response.

Ethical and Legal Compliance/General

- (11) Review, with the Office of the General Counsel, any legal or regulatory matter that could have a significant impact on the financial statements.
- (12) Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints and concerns (including a procedure for submitting such complaints and concerns on a confidential and anonymous basis) received by the Company regarding management fraud and accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing or related matters.
- (13) Ensure management has a proper review system in place to ensure that financial statements, reports, and other financial information disseminated to governmental organizations and the public satisfy legal requirements.
- (14) Review activities, organization structure, and qualifications of the General Auditor's Office, and participate in the appointment, dismissal, evaluation and the determination of the compensation of the General Auditor.
- (15) Review, at least annually, policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management and, in accordance with regulatory requirements, approve, at least annually, the Company's decision to enter into uncleared swaps.
- (16) Establish a code of ethics for the senior financial personnel of the Company in accordance with applicable law, rules and regulations.
- (17) Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the By-Laws of the Company, New York Stock Exchange rules and any other applicable law, rules or regulations as the Audit Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.
- (18) Review and discuss with management, the independent auditor, and the General Auditor: (a) the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting (including any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses therein and any significant or material changes thereto); (b) management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal controls and the basis therefor; (c) the independent auditor's attestation of management's assessment, and its audit of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting; (d) the Company's internal audit function and procedures; and (e) the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, and management's evaluation thereof.
- (19) Exercise reasonable oversight with respect to the implementation and effectiveness of the Company's compliance and ethics program, including being knowledgeable about the content and operation of such compliance and ethics program.

Reports

- (20) Report regularly to the Board (i) following meetings of the Audit Committee, (ii) with respect to such other matters as are relevant to the Audit Committee's discharge of its responsibilities, (iii) with respect to such recommendations as the Audit Committee may deem appropriate, and (iv) the Audit Committee's conclusions with respect to the independent auditor. The report to the Board may take the form of an oral report by the Chair or any other member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee to make such report.
- (21) Prepare and publish an annual report of the Audit Committee to be included in the Company's Proxy Statement.
- (22) Maintain minutes and other records of meetings and activities of the Audit Committee, as appropriate under Delaware law.

V. Annual Performance Evaluation

The Audit Committee shall perform a review and evaluation, at least annually, of the performance of the Audit Committee and its members, including a review of adherence of the Audit Committee to this Charter. In addition, the Audit Committee shall review and reassess, at least annually, the adequacy of this Charter and recommend to the Nominating and Governance Committee any improvements to this Charter that the Audit Committee considers necessary or appropriate. The Audit Committee shall conduct such evaluation and reviews in such manner as it deems appropriate.

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Independence For Audit Committee Members

Independence

The Audit Committee is required to consist of at least three directors, each of whom must be independent. An independent director is a director whom the Board has determined has no material relationship with the Company (either directly or as a partner, shareholder or officer of an organization that has a relationship with the Company) and otherwise meets the requirements for "independence" under the rules of the New York Stock Exchange and any other applicable legal or regulatory requirement. Set forth below are current criteria affecting Audit Committee membership:

- Employees of the Company or its affiliates* may not serve on the Audit Committee until five years following the termination of employment.
- A director who is, or in the past five years has been, affiliated with or employed by a
 present or former auditor of the Company (or of an affiliate) may not serve on the Audit
 Committee until five years following the end of either the affiliation or the auditing
 relationship.
- The only compensation a director may receive from the Company are the fees and compensation received for serving on the Board and Committees of the Board or for serving on any board or any committee of such board of the Company's affiliates, which may be received in cash, stock options or other in-kind consideration ordinarily available to directors of the Company or its affiliates, as well as other regular benefits other such directors receive. Neither a director, nor the firm with which a director is associated, may receive any compensation for providing consulting, legal or financial advisory services, regardless of who within the firm provides the service.
- A director who is employed as an executive of another corporation where any of the Company's executives serve on that corporation's compensation committee may not serve on the Audit Committee.
- A director who is an immediate family member** of any individual who falls within the preceding categories cannot serve on the Audit Committee until five years following the termination of such relationship.

^{*} Affiliate includes a subsidiary, sibling company, predecessor, parent company, or former parent company.

^{**} Immediate family includes a person's spouse, parents, children, siblings, parents-in-law, sonsand daughters-in-law, brothers- and sisters-in-law, and anyone (other than the employee) who shares such person's home.