

2011 CANADIAN INVESTOR PRESENTATION

DISCLAIMER



This presentation was prepared solely for informational purposes. Under no circumstances will the information in this presentation constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security. Unless otherwise specified in this presentation, all information contained in this presentation is current as of the date on the cover of this presentation.

DISCUSSION AGENDA



1.	The One Ford Plan	2
2.	Ford Credit	8
3.	Ford of Canada and Ford Credit Canada	24
4.	Appendix	36

TOTAL COMPANY OUR PLAN -- ONE FORD



- Continue implementation of our global ONE FORD
- Aggressively restructure to operate profitably at the current demand and changing model mix
- Accelerate development of new products our customers want and value
- Finance our Plan and improve our balance sheet
- Work together effectively as one team -- leveraging our global assets



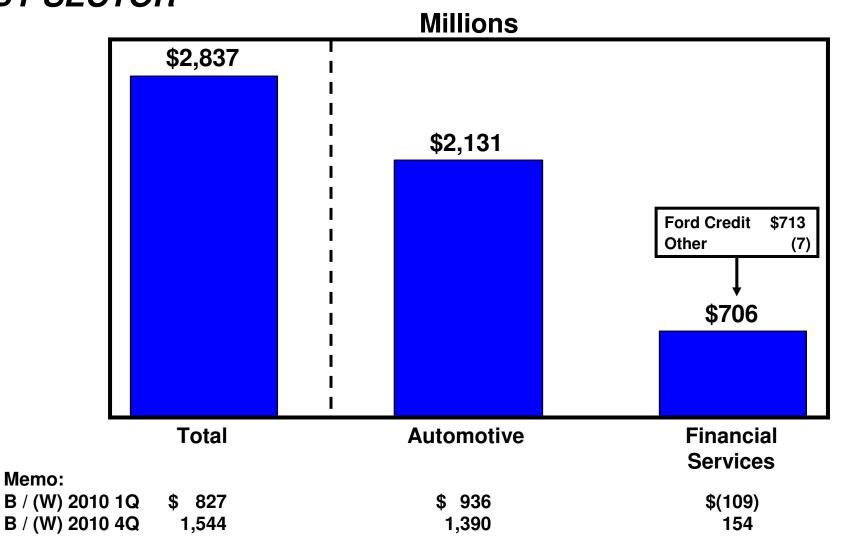
THE ONE FORD PLAN IS WORKING



- Restructured the business significantly
- New products well received in the marketplace
- Improving the balance sheet
- Completed the sale of Volvo; focusing on the Ford and Lincoln brands
- Launched the all new Explorer, the F-150 with new powertrains and the global Focus
- Focusing on growth in South America and Asia Pacific Africa with global vehicles and significant facility investments
- Reported strong financial results in 2010 and first quarter of 2011
- On track to deliver continued improvement for Full Year 2011 pre-tax operating profit and Automotive operating-related cash flow compared with 2010

TOTAL COMPANY 2011 FIRST QUARTER PRE-TAX RESULTS BY SECTOR*



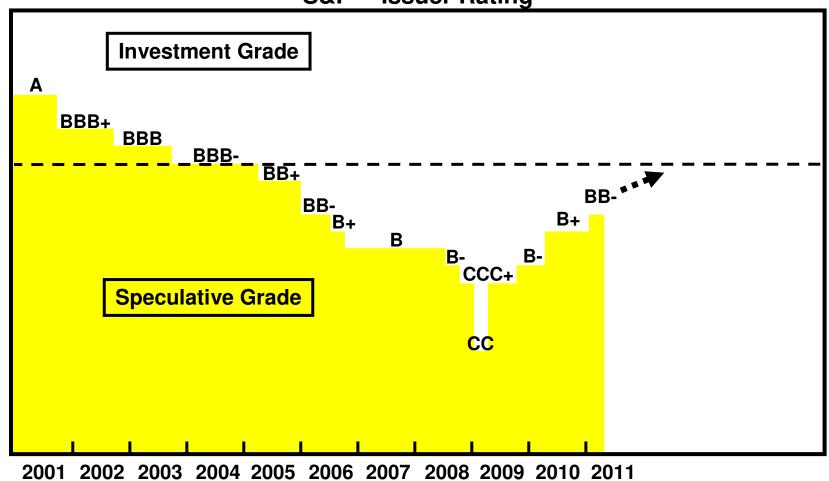


^{*} Excludes special items; see Appendix for detail and reconciliation to GAAP

TREND OF CREDIT RATINGS FOR FORD







Targeting To Return To Investment Grade

MID-DECADE OUTLOOK



Mid-Decade Outlook*

Wholesale Volumes About 8 million

Revenue / Pricing Improving

Automotive Operating Margins**

- North America 8 - 10% - Global 8 - 9%

Ford Credit Return on Equity Low Double Digits

Capital Spending About \$6 billion

Total Automotive Debt About \$10 billion

Investment Rating

Plan to achieve investment grade
in the near-term and to remain
investment grade through economic cycle

Dividends (% of PAT)

Appropriate level of after-tax earnings

^{*}At trend economic conditions and industry volume

^{**}Automotive pre-tax operating profit, excluding special items and Other Automotive (primarily net interest), divided by Automotive revenue

DISCUSSION AGENDA



1.	The One Ford Plan	2
2.	Ford Credit	8
3.	Ford of Canada and Ford Credit Canada	24
4.	Appendix	36



Capital and Facility Loans



Inventory Financing



Inventory Insurance



ESB / Fee Income





Dealer Consulting



Commercial Loans



Lease Financing



Retail Financing

FORD CREDIT -- STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



Profitably support the sale of Ford vehicles

- Support synergies with automotive partners
- Maximize customer and dealer satisfaction and loyalty

Make efficient use of capital

A VIRTUOUS CIRCLE: INTEGRATION CREATES A STRATEGIC ADVANTAGE





More Products, Faster



 Automotive Specialist with Vested Interest in Ford Dealer Success

Training & Consulting

Consistent Market Presence





• Fast, Flexible, Quality Service

• Full Array of Products

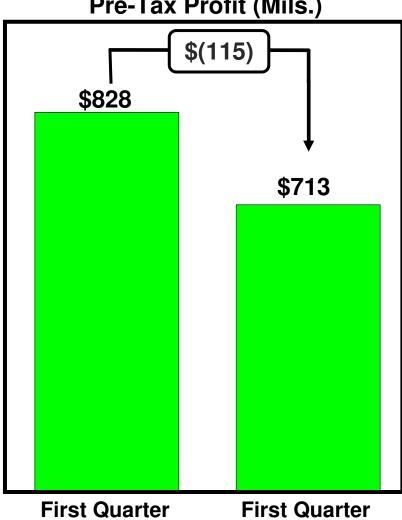
 Incremental Vehicle Sales (Spread of Business & Customer Relationship Management)

Higher Customer Satisfaction and Loyalty Profits and Dividends

FORD CREDIT RESULTS AND METRICS --2011 FIRST QUARTER



Pre-Tax Profit (Mils.)



Key Metrics

	First Quarter			
	2010	2011		
On-Balance Sheet Receivables (Bils.)	\$ 88	\$ 83		
Charge-Offs (Mils.)	\$ 133	\$ 55		
Loss-to-Receivables Ratio				
- Worldwide	0.58%	0.27%		
- U.S. Retail and Lease	0.91	0.45		
Allowance for Credit Losses				
- Worldwide Amount (Bils.)	\$ 1.4	\$ 0.7		
- Pct. Of EOP Receivables	1.49%	0.87%		
Financial Statement				
Leverage (To 1)	8.7	8.1		
Distribution (Bils.)	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.9		
Net Income (Mils.)	\$ 528	\$ 451		
Managed*				
Receivables (Bils.)	\$ 90	\$ 85		
Leverage (To 1)	6.9	7.0		

2011

2010

^{*} See Appendix for calculation, definitions, and reconciliation to GAAP

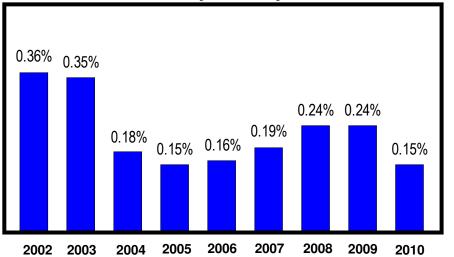
FORD CREDIT -- U.S. FORD AND LINCOLN PORTFOLIO CREDIT LOSS METRICS*



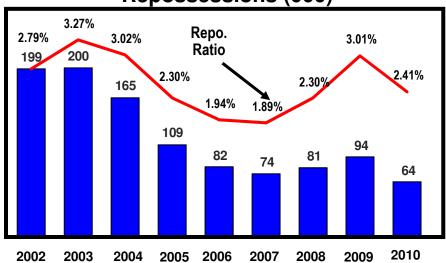
U.S. Retail & Lease Average Placement FICO Score

2005 2006

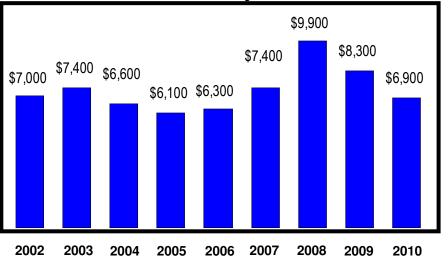
Over-60-Day Delinquencies



Repossessions (000)



Severity

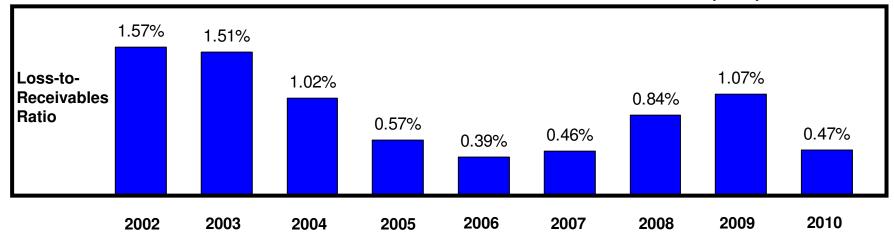


^{*} Includes Mercury

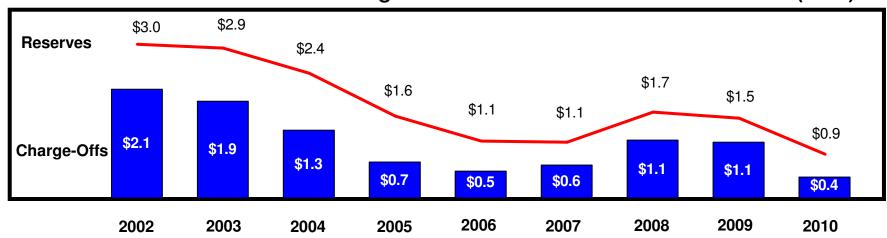


FORD CREDIT -HISTORICAL CREDIT LOSS METRICS

Worldwide On-Balance Sheet Loss-to-Receivables Ratio (Pct.)



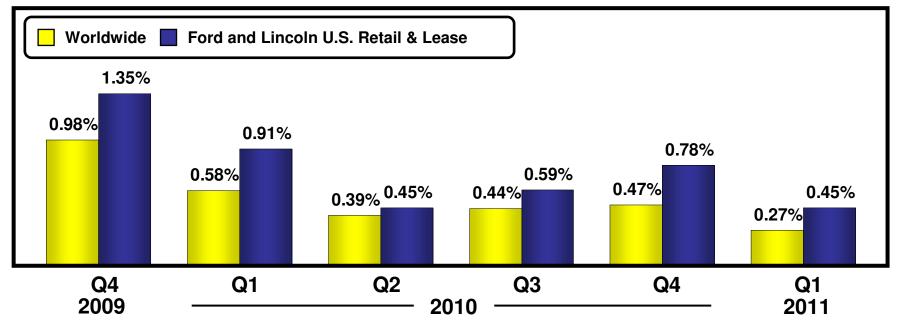
Worldwide On-Balance Sheet Charge-Offs and Allowance for Credit Losses (Bils.)



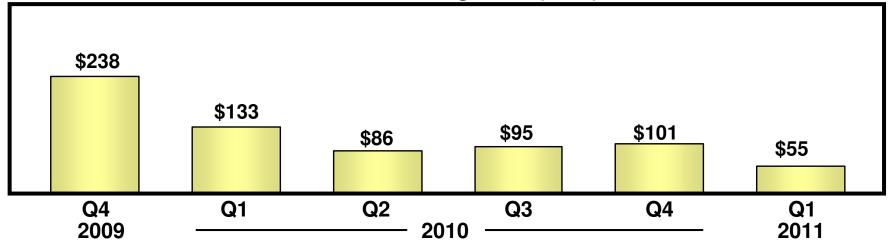
FORD CREDIT -- CREDIT LOSS METRICS*



Loss-to-Receivables Ratio



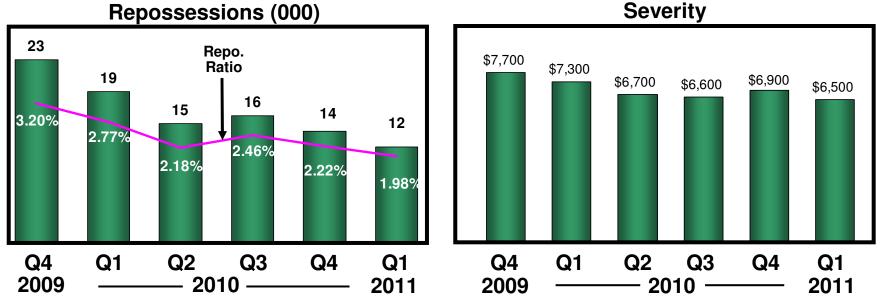
Worldwide Charge-Offs (Mils.)



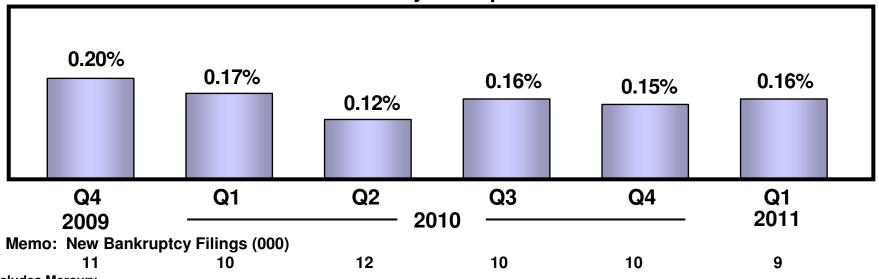
^{*} On-balance sheet. Includes Mercury

FORD CREDIT -- CREDIT LOSS DRIVERS -- FORD AND LINCOLN U.S. RETAIL AND LEASE*





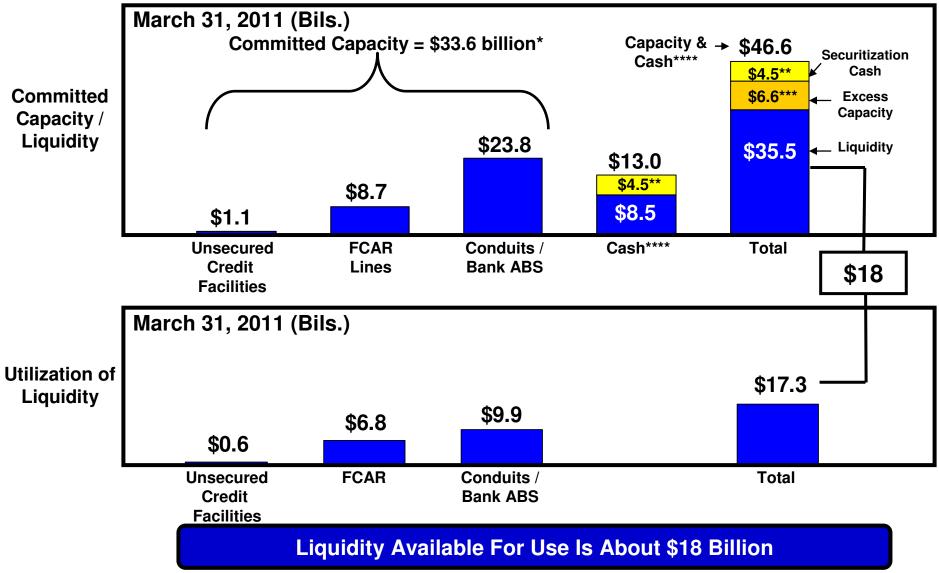
Over-60-Day Delinquencies



^{*} Includes Mercury

FORD CREDIT -- LIQUIDITY PROGRAMS





^{*} FCAR and Conduits subject to availability of sufficient assets and ability to obtain derivatives to manage interest rate risk; FCAR commercial paper must be supported by bank lines equal to at least 100% of the principal amount; conduits includes other committed securitization programs.

^{**} Securitization cash is to be used only to support on-balance sheet securitization transactions

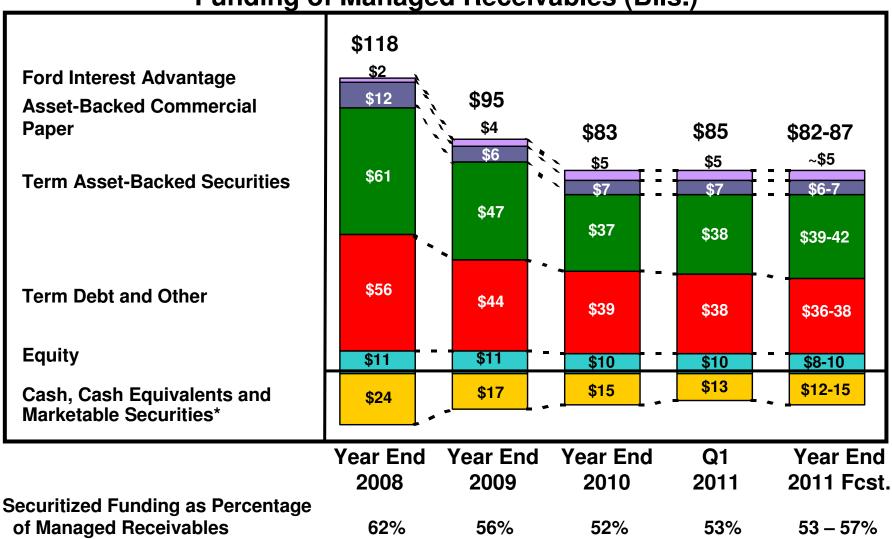
^{***} Excess capacity is capacity in excess of eligible receivables

^{****} Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities (excludes marketable securities related to insurance activities)

FORD CREDIT -- FUNDING STRATEGY



Funding of Managed Receivables (Bils.)

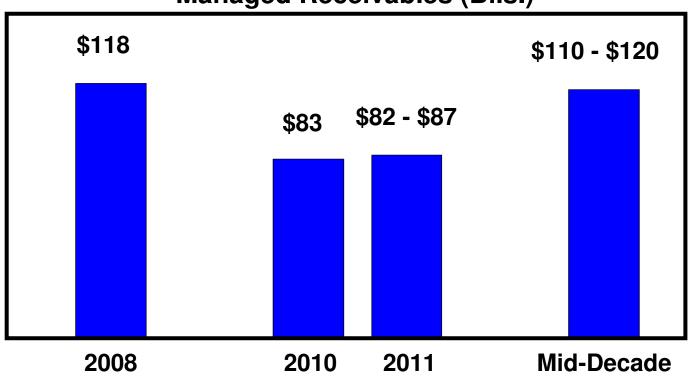


^{*} Excludes marketable securities related to insurance activities



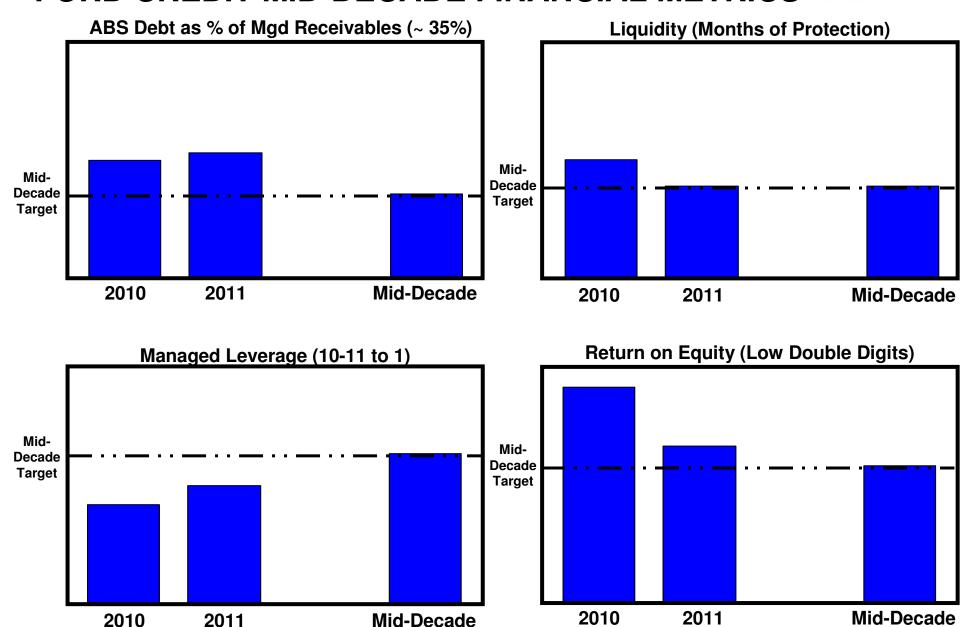


Managed Receivables (Bils.)



FORD CREDIT MID-DECADE FINANCIAL METRICS





FORD CREDIT -- TERM FUNDING PLAN



				201	1
	2008 <u>Actual</u> (Bils.)	2009 <u>Actual</u> (Bils.)	2010 <u>Actual</u> (Bils.)	Forecast (Bils.)	YTD Actual* (Bils.)
Public Transactions					
Unsecured	\$ 2	\$ 5	\$ 6	\$ 7-9	\$ 4
Securitizations**	<u>11</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>11 – 14</u>	6_
Total Public	\$13	\$ 20	\$ 17	\$ 18 – 22	\$ 10
Private Transactions***	\$29	\$ 11	\$ 8	\$ 8-11	\$ 5

^{*} YTD Actual through June 16, 2011

^{**} Includes Ford Upgrade Exchange Linked (FUEL) Notes issuance in 2011

^{***} Includes private term debt, securitizations, other structured financings, and other term funding; excludes sales to Ford Credit's on-balance sheet asset-backed commercial paper program (FCAR)



FORD CREDIT CANADA UNSECURED DEBT OVERVIEW

- Ford Credit Canada Limited (FCCL) re-entered the unsecured debt markets in August 2010 and has completed two transactions with broad oversubscription
 - 7.50% Notes due August 2015 (Aug 2010)
 - 4.875% Notes due March 2014 (Mar 2011)
- Path to solid investment grade ratings by mid-decade includes reducing ABS funding as percentage of managed receivables to about 35%
 - FCCL was reliant on intercompany funding prior to ABS market recovery in 2009
 - More recently FCCL has primarily accessed the ABS market to fund receivables
 - Mid-decade targets suggest regular ongoing need to access Canadian debt markets

FORD CREDIT CANADA SECURITIZATION OVERVIEW



- FCCL has been an active participant in the Canadian ABS market since 1999
- FCCL has successfully established diverse platforms for funding all asset classes: retail auto loans, leases and floorplan receivables
 - First public retail auto loan securitization executed in June 2009 under Ford Auto Securitization Trust ("FAST")
 - Floorplan receivables securitized in the public market under Ford Floorplan Auto Securitization Trust ("FFAST") since 2006
- Since January 2006, Ford Credit Canada has completed over 22 ABS transactions, raising proceeds of approximately C\$20 billion
 - Retail auto loans -- C\$9.3 billion (including C\$573 million public FAST 2011-R1 in March 2011)
 - Retail auto leases -- C\$9.0 billion
 - Floorplan -- C\$1.8 billion (including C\$300 million public FFAST 2010-F1/F2 in May 2010)

DISCUSSION AGENDA



4.	Appendix	36
3.	Ford of Canada and Ford Credit Canada	24
2.	Ford Credit	8
1.	The One Ford Plan	2

FORD OF CANADA UPDATE



- Best-selling automaker in 2010 for the Canadian market for the first time in more than 50 years
- Posted 9% year-over-year sales increase in the first quarter 2011
- Car sales growth in the first quarter of 2011 with a year-over-year increase of more than 20%
- Ford is the #1 manufacturer in both total and retail sales in Canada through the first quarter of 2011

FCCL OVERVIEW



- Ford Credit Canada Limited ("FCCL") was established in 1962 to provide financing for Ford vehicles and to support Ford dealers in Canada
- FCCL and its affiliate Canadian Road Leasing Company provide automotive financing products to dealers and to retail customers through dealers in each of the provinces and territories of Canada
- Primary financial services products are retail auto loans, retail leases and wholesale financing for dealers
- As of March 31, 2011, total receivables at FCCL were US\$9.4 billion, representing approximately 12% of Ford Credit's total receivables

FCCL SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION



(In millions of US dollars)	For the Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2011			2010		_
Balance Sheet a/						_
Finance receivables, net	\$	7,510		\$	6,321	
Net investment in operating leases		1,864			3,190	
All other assets		1,323	b/		1,672	c/
Total assets	\$	10,697		\$	11,183	- -
Memo: Allowance for credit losses and contract						
default events (included above)	\$	(48)		\$	(56)	
Short-term debt	\$	355	b/	\$	1,425	c/
Long-term debt	Ψ	7,518		Ψ	7,035	
All other liabilities		1,006			1,309	O,
Total liabilities		8,879			9,769	_
Total shareholder's equity		1,818			1,414	
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	10,697		\$	11,183	_

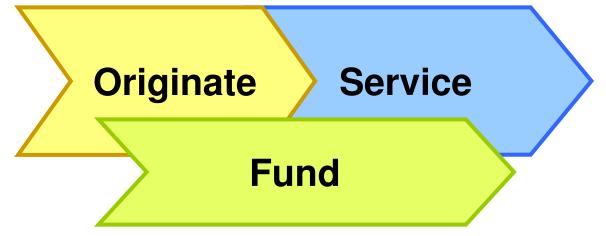
a/ The March 31, 2010 Balance Sheet is presented in Canadian GAAP. The March 31, 2011 Balance Sheet is presented in U.S. GAAP. b/ Included in Long-term debt, Short-term debt and Notes receivable is \$1,387 million, \$211 million and \$35 million, respectively, with affiliated companies.

c/ Included in Long-term debt, Short-term debt and Notes receivable is \$1,425 million, \$1,327 million and \$39 million, respectively, with affiliated companies.

FCCL ORIGINATION & SERVICING STRATEGY



- Collect it Effectively
- Buy it Right Operate Efficiently



- Fund it Efficiently
- Manage Balance Sheet Risk

FCCL -- PROPRIETARY ORIGINATIONS SCORING MODELS

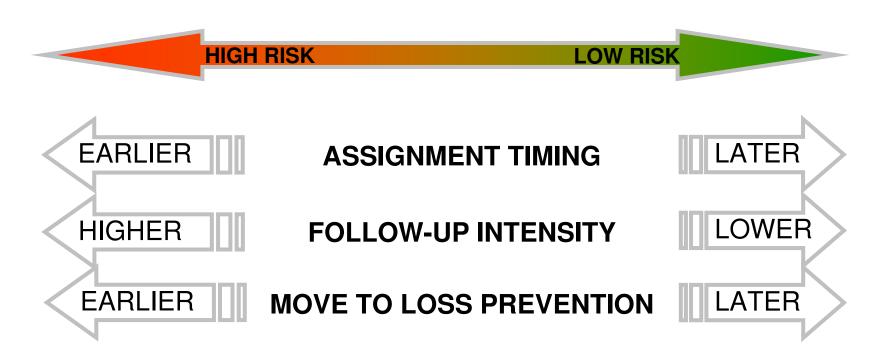


- FCCL uses proprietary origination scoring models
- FCCL's scoring models assess the creditworthiness of an applicant using:
 - Information provided in the applicant's credit application
 - The proposed terms of the retail contract
 - Credit bureau data
- FCCL uses proprietary electronic decisioning models to evaluate credit applications
- Models are regularly reviewed to confirm their continued business significance and performance in terms of ranking and accuracy

FCCL -- COLLECTION STRATEGY OVERVIEW



- FCCL uses a proprietary behaviour scoring model to assign a probability of default for <u>all</u> accounts monthly
- This probability is used to rank accounts by risk for collection strategy purposes



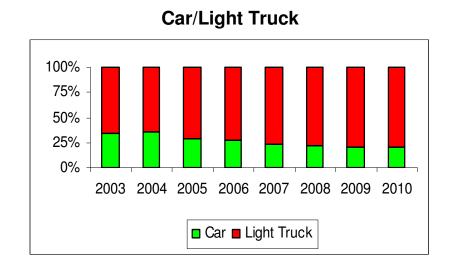
FCCL RECEIVABLES CHARACTERISTICS BY VINTAGE ORIGINATION YEAR



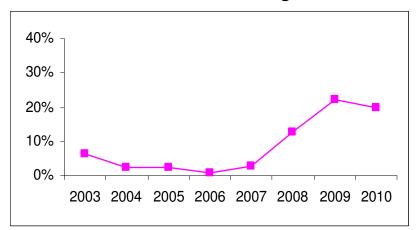
New/Used

100%
75%
50%
25%
0%
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

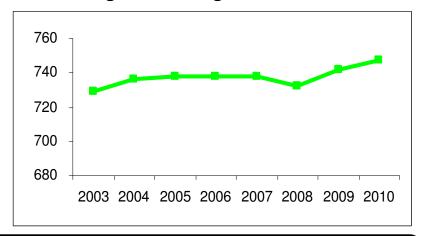
New Used



% of Contracts > 60 month original term

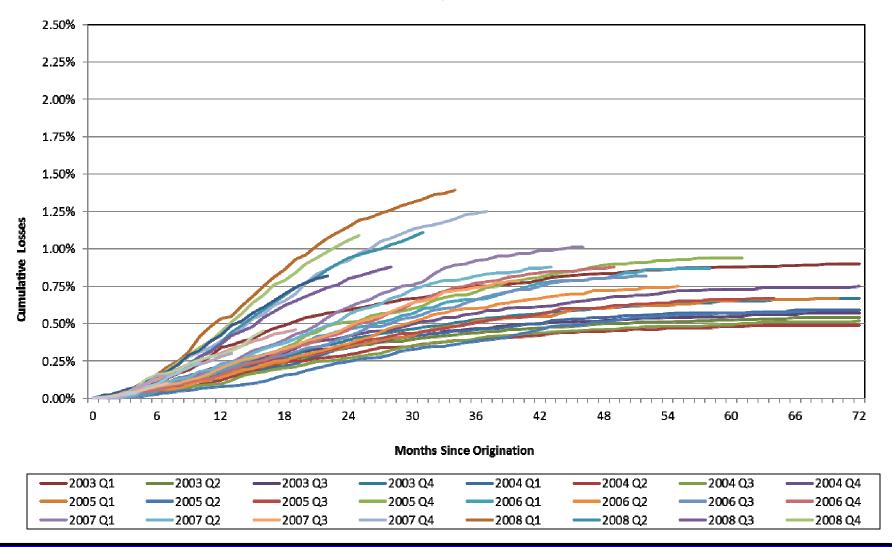


Weighted Average FICO® Score



FCCL CUMULATIVE LOSSES BY VINTAGE ORIGINATION QUARTER





FCCL Receivables Demonstrate Consistent Loss Performance

FCCL FLOORPLAN FINANCING OVERVIEW



- Floorplan financing is a cornerstone product for FCCL that builds dealer satisfaction and develops long-term relationships
- Financing is provided to dealers throughout Canada, over 90% of which are Ford-franchised dealers selling Ford and Lincoln products
- Approximately 90% of floorplan portfolio is the financing of factory purchases of new vehicles directly from the manufacturer
- Approximately 10% of floorplan portfolio is the financing of used vehicles, including off-lease, customer trade-ins and auction purchases
- Over 90% of dealers financed receive strongest internal risk rating
- Losses in Ford Credit floorplan portfolio are minimal (~5 bps in 2010)

SUMMARY



- The ONE FORD Plan is working
- On track to meet our financial targets for 2011
- Focused on growth
- The funding environment continues to improve
- Experiencing substantially improved credit loss performance
- Ford Credit continues to focus and deliver on our strategic priorities



SAFE HARBOR

Statements included or incorporated by reference herein may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based on expectations, forecasts, and assumptions by our management and involve a number of risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those stated, including, without limitation:

Automotive Related:

- Decline in industry sales volume, particularly in the United States or Europe, due to financial crisis, recession, geo-political events or other factors;
- · Decline in Ford's market share or failure to achieve growth;
- · Lower-than-anticipated market acceptance of new or existing Ford products;
- An increase in or acceleration of market shift beyond Ford's current planning assumptions from sales of trucks, medium- and large-sized utilities, or other more profitable vehicles, particularly in the United States;
- · An increase in fuel prices, continued volatility of fuel prices, or reduced availability of fuel;
- Continued or increased price competition resulting from industry overcapacity, currency fluctuations or other factors;
- · Adverse effects from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or government-funded restructuring of, change in ownership or control of, or alliances entered into by a major competitor;
- Economic distress of suppliers may require Ford to provide substantial financial support or take other measures to ensure supplies of components or materials and could increase Ford's costs, affect Ford's liquidity, or cause production constraints or disruptions;
- · Work stoppages at Ford or supplier facilities or other interruptions of production;
- Single-source supply of components or materials;
- Restriction on use of tax attributes from tax law "ownership change";
- The discovery of defects in Ford vehicles resulting in delays in new model launches, recall campaigns, reputational damage or increased warranty costs;
- Increased safety, emissions, fuel economy or other regulation resulting in higher costs, cash expenditures and/or sales restrictions;
- Unusual or significant litigation, governmental investigations or adverse publicity arising out of alleged defects in Ford products, perceived environmental impacts, or otherwise;
- A change in Ford's requirements for parts where it has entered into long-term supply arrangements that commit it to purchase minimum or fixed quantities of certain parts, or to pay a minimum amount to the seller ("take-or-pay contracts");
- Adverse effects on Ford's results from a decrease in or cessation or clawback of government incentives related to capital investments;
- Adverse effects on Ford's operations resulting from certain geo-political or other events;
- Substantial levels of indebtedness adversely affecting Ford's financial condition or preventing Ford from fulfilling its debt obligations;

Ford Credit Related:

- · A prolonged disruption of the debt and securitization markets;
- Inability to access debt, securitization or derivative markets around the world at competitive rates or in sufficient amounts due to credit rating downgrades, market volatility, market disruption, regulatory requirements or other factors;
- · Higher-than-expected credit losses;
- · Increased competition from banks or other financial institutions seeking to increase their share of financing Ford vehicles;
- · Collection and servicing problems related to our finance receivables and net investment in operating leases;
- · Lower-than-anticipated residual values or higher-than-expected return volumes for leased vehicles;
- New or increased credit, consumer or data protection or other laws and regulations resulting in higher costs and/or additional financing restrictions;
- Imposition of additional costs or restrictions due to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Act") and its implementing rules and regulations;
- · Changes in Ford's operations or changes in Ford's marketing programs could result in a decline in our financing volumes;
- Inability to obtain competitive funding;

General:

- Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates:
- Failure of financial institutions to fulfill commitments under committed credit and liquidity facilities;
- Labor or other constraints on Ford's or our ability to maintain competitive cost structure;
- Substantial pension and postretirement healthcare and life insurance liabilities impairing Ford's or our liquidity or financial condition;
- Worse-than-assumed economic and demographic experience for postretirement benefit plans (e.g., discount rates or investment returns); and
- · Inherent limitations of internal controls impacting financing statements and safeguarding of assets.

We cannot be certain that any expectations, forecasts or assumptions made by management in preparing these forward-looking statements will prove accurate, or that any projections will be realized. It is to be expected that there may be differences between projected and actual results. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of their initial issuance, and we do not undertake any obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. For additional discussion of these risk factors, see Item 1A of Part I of Ford's 2010 10-K Report and Item 1A of Part I of Ford Credit's 2010 10-K Report.



APPENDIX

TOTAL COMPANY INCOME / (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	First Quarter			
	2010	2011		
	(Mils.)	(Mils.)		
North America	\$ 1,253	\$ 1,844		
South America	203	210		
Europe	107	293		
Asia Pacific Africa	23	33		
Other Automotive	(391)	(249)		
Total Automotive (excl. special items)	\$ 1,195	\$ 2,131		
Special items Automotive	<u> 125</u>	(61)		
Total Automotive	\$ 1,320	\$ 2,070		
Financial Services (excl. special items)	\$ 815	\$ 706		
Special items Financial Services				
Total Financial Services	\$ 815	<u>\$ 706</u>		
Pre-tax results	\$ 2,135	\$ 2,776		
(Provision for) / Benefit from income taxes	(50)	(220)		
Income / (Loss) from continuing operations	\$ 2,085	\$ 2,556		
Income / (Loss) from discontinued operations				
Net income / (loss)	\$ 2,085	\$ 2,556		
Less: Income / (Loss) attributable to non-controlling interests		5		
Net income / (loss) attributable to Ford	\$ 2,085	\$ 2,551		
Memo: Excluding special items				
Pre-tax results	\$ 2,010	\$ 2,837		
(Provision for) / Benefit from income taxes	(249)	(220)		
Less: Income / (Loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	<u> </u>	5		

After-tax results

\$ 1,761

\$ 2,612

FordCredit Crédit Ford

TOTAL COMPANY 2011 SPECIAL ITEMS



		First	Quarte	er
	2	2010	2	011
	(1)	/lils.)	(N	lils.)
Personnel and Dealer-Related Items Personnel-reduction actions Mercury discontinuation / Other dealer actions Job Security Benefits / Other	\$	(86) (15) 38	\$	(22) (1) (1)
Total Personnel and Dealer-Related Items	\$	(63)	\$	(24)
Other Items Trust Preferred redemption Foreign sub. liquidation currency translation impact Sale of Volvo and related charges Total Other Items Total Special Items	\$ \$	- 188 188 125	\$ \$ \$	(60) 17 6 (37)
Memo: Special items impact on earnings per share*	\$	0.07	\$	(0.01)

^{*} Includes related tax effect on special items and tax special items not detailed above; see Appendix





	First C	uarter
	2010	2011
	(Bils.)	(Bils.)
North America	\$ 14.1	\$ 17.9
South America	2.0	2.3
Europe	7.7	8.7
Asia Pacific Africa	1.6	2.1
Total Automotive (excl. special items)	\$ 25.4	\$ 31.0
Special items Volvo	3.5	
Total Automotive	\$ 28.9	\$ 31.0
Financial Services	2.7	2.1
Total Company	<u>\$ 31.6</u>	<u>\$ 33.1</u>
Memo:		
Total Company (excl. Volvo)	\$ 28.1	\$ 33.1

TOTAL COMPANY WHOLESALES*



Eirat Augrtar

	FIRST	luarter
	2010	2011
	(000)	(000)
North America	547	615
South America	101	114
Europe**	416	432
Asia Pacific Africa***	<u> 189</u>	242
Total Automotive (excl. special items)	1,253	1,403
Special items Volvo	92	
Total Automotive	<u>1,345</u>	1,403

^{*} Wholesale unit volumes include all Ford badged units (whether produced by Ford or by an unconsolidated affiliate), units manufactured by Ford that are sold to other manufacturers and units distributed for other manufacturers, and local-brand vehicles produced by our Chinese joint venture Jiangling Motors Corporation (JMC). Revenue from certain vehicles in wholesale unit volumes (specifically, Ford badged vehicles produced and distributed by our unconsolidated affiliates, as well as JMC brand vehicles) are not included in our revenue. Vehicles sold to daily rental car companies that are subject to a guaranteed repurchase option ("rental repurchase"), as well as other sales of finished vehicles for which the recognition of revenue is deferred (e.g., consignments), also are included in wholesale unit volumes

^{**} Includes Ford brand vehicles sold in Turkey by our unconsolidated affiliate, totaling about 10,000 and 17,000 units in First Quarter 2010 and 2011, respectively

^{***} Includes Ford brand and JMC brand vehicles sold in China by unconsolidated affiliates, totaling about 118,000 and 140,000 units in First Quarter 2010 and 2011, respectively

AUTOMOTIVE SECTOR GROSS CASH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP



	Mar. 31,	Dec. 31,	Mar. 31,
	2010	2010	2011
	(Bils.)	(Bils.)	(Bils.)
Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities*	\$ 12.8	\$ 6.3	\$ 12.6
	12.5	14.2	<u>8.8</u>
Total cash and marketable securities	\$ 25.3	\$ 20.5	\$ 21.4
Securities in transit** Gross cash	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(0.1)
	\$ 25.3	\$ 20.5	\$ 21.3

^{*} Included at March 31, 2011 are Ford Credit debt securities that we purchased, which are reflected in the table at a carrying value of \$201 million; the estimated fair value of these securities is \$203 million. Also included are Mazda marketable securities with a fair value of \$138 million. For similar datapoints for the other periods listed here, see our prior period SEC reports

^{**} The purchase or sale of marketable securities for which the cash settlement was not made by period-end and for which there was a payable or receivable recorded on the balance sheet at period end

AUTOMOTIVE SECTOR OPERATING-RELATED CASH FLOWS RECONCILIATION TO GAAP



	First C	uarter
	2010	2011
	(Bils.)	(Bils.)
Cash flows from operating activities of continuing operations*	\$ -	\$ 3.1
Items included in operating-related cash flows		
Capital expenditures	(0.9)	(0.9)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	0.1	0.1
Net cash flows from non-designated derivatives	(0.1)	-
Items not included in operating-related cash flows		
Cash impact of Job Security Benefits and personnel-reduction actio	r 0.1	-
Pension contributions	0.3	0.3
Tax refunds and tax payments from affiliates	-	(0.4)
Other**	0.4	
Operating-related cash flows	<u>\$ (0.1)</u>	<u>\$ 2.2</u>

^{* 2010} adjusted to reflect the reallocation of amounts previously displayed in "Net change in intersector receivables / payables and on our Sector Statement of Cash Flows. These amounts are being reallocated from a single line item to the individual cash flow within operating, investing, and financing activities of continuing operations on our Sector Statement of Cash Flows

^{** 2010} includes Volvo cash flows

FORD CREDIT KEY METRIC DEFINITIONS



In evaluating Ford Credit's financial performance, Ford Credit management uses financial measures based on GAAP, as well as financial measures that include adjustments from GAAP; these measures are defined below. Information about the impact of on-balance sheet securitization is also included below:

<u>Managed Receivables</u> -- receivables reported on Ford Credit's balance sheet, excluding unearned interest supplements related to finance receivables

<u>Charge-offs</u> -- charge-offs associated with receivables reported on Ford Credit's balance sheet

Equity -- shareholder's interest reported on Ford Credit's balance sheet

Impact of On-Balance Sheet Securitization -- finance receivables (retail and wholesale) and net investment in operating leases reported on Ford Credit's balance sheet include assets that have been sold for legal purposes in securitization transactions that do not satisfy the requirements for accounting sale treatment. These receivables are available only for payment of the debt and other obligations issued or arising in the securitization transactions; they are not available to pay the other obligations of Ford Credit or the claims of Ford Credit's other creditors. Debt reported on Ford Credit's balance sheet includes obligations issued or arising in securitization transactions that are payable only out of collections on the underlying securitized assets and related enhancements. Ford Credit holds the right to the excess cash flows not needed to pay the debt and other obligations issued or arising in each of these securitization transactions

FINANCIAL SERVICES SECTOR FORD CREDIT RATIO DEFINITIONS



In addition to evaluating Ford Credit's financial performance on a GAAP financial statement basis, Ford Credit management also uses other criteria, some of which were previously disclosed in this presentation and are defined below:

Leverage:

^{*} Excludes marketable securities related to insurance activities

^{**} Related primarily to market valuation adjustments to derivatives due to movements in interest rates. Adjustments to debt are related to designated fair value hedges and adjustments to equity are related to retained earnings

FINANCIAL SERVICES SECTOR FORD CREDIT RECONCILIATIONS OF MANAGED LEVERAGE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT LEVERAGE

	Mar. 31,	Mar. 31,
	2010	2011
	(Bils.)	(Bils.)
Leverage Calculation		
Total Debt*	\$ 94.2	\$ 82.9
Adjustments for Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Marketable Securities**	(20.7)	(13.0)
Adjustments for Derivative Accounting***	(0.2)	(0.2)
Total Adjusted Debt	<u>\$ 73.3</u>	<u>\$ 69.7</u>
Equity	\$ 10.8	\$ 10.2
Adjustments for Derivative Accounting***	(0.1)	(0.2)
Total Adjusted Equity	<u>\$ 10.7</u>	<u>\$ 10.0</u>
Financial Statement Leverage (to 1)	8.7	8.1
Managed Leverage (to 1)	6.9	7.0

^{*} Includes \$52.7 billion and \$45 billion on March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2011, respectively, of long-term and short-term asset-backed debt obligations issued in securitization transactions that are payable only out of collections on the underlying securitized assets and related enhancements

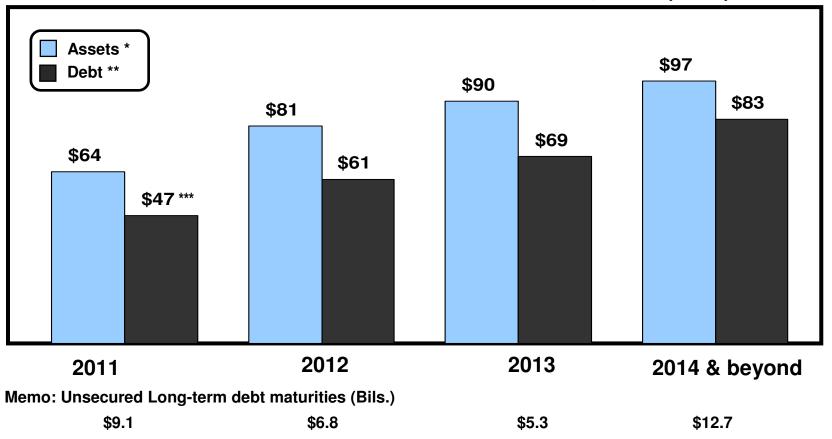
^{**} Excludes marketable securities related to insurance activities

^{***} Related primarily to market valuation adjustments to derivatives due to movements in interest rates. Adjustments to debt are related to designated fair value hedges and adjustments to equity are related to retained earnings

LIQUIDITY PROFILE OF FORD CREDIT'S BALANCE SHEET



Cumulative Maturities -- As of December 31, 2010 (Bils.)



^{*} Includes finance receivables net of unearned income, and investment in operating leases net of accumulated depreciation; cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities (excludes marketable securities related to insurance activities).

^{**} Retail and lease ABS are treated as amortizing on January 1, 2011 to match the underlying assets.

^{***} Includes all of the wholesale ABS term and conduit maturities of \$7.1 billion that otherwise contractually extend to 2012 and beyond.

TOTAL COMPANY CALCULATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE



	First Quarter 2011				
	Net Income Attributable to Ford	After-Tax Oper. Excl. Special Items			
After-Tax Results (Mils.)					
After-tax results*	\$ 2,551	\$ 2,612			
Effect of dilutive 2016 Convertible Notes**	14	14			
Effect of dilutive 2036 Convertible Notes**	-	-			
Effect of dilutive convertible Trust Preferred Securities**/***	36	36			
Diluted after-tax results	\$ 2,601	\$ 2,662			
Basic and Diluted Shares (Mils.)					
Basic shares (Average shares outstanding)	3,771	3,771			
Net dilutive options and warrants****	264	264			
Dilutive 2016 Convertible Notes	95	95			
Dilutive 2036 Convertible Notes	3	3			
Dilutive convertible Trust Preferred Securities***	133	<u> 133</u>			
Diluted shares	4,266	4,266			
EPS (Diluted)	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.62			

Our current low effective tax rate is primarily the result of our valuation allowance against deferred tax assets. Sustained levels of profitability are expected to lead to reversal of the majority of our valuation allowance, which could occur as early as the Second Half of 2011. This would lead to a more normalized annual effective tax rate for Full Year 2011 (approaching the U.S. statutory tax rate of 35% for the year) for the purpose of determining operating earnings per share. Reversal of the valuation allowance will not affect our cash tax payments, which should remain low for a number of years.

^{*} Excludes Income / (Loss) attributable to non-controlling interests and the effect of discontinued operations; special items detailed in the Appendix

^{**} As applicable, includes interest expense, amortization of discount, amortization of fees, and other changes in income or loss that result from the application of the if-converted method for convertible securities

^{***} On March 15, 2011, the Trust Preferred Securities were fully redeemed and, as a result, for purposes of dilution effect, the year-to-date average share will reflect the Trust Preferred Securities owned through March 15. However, the quarterly dilution calculation for the remaining quarters of 2011 will not include the Trust Preferred Securities

^{****} Net dilutive effect includes approximately 155 million dilutive shares representing the net share settlement methodology for the 362 million warrants outstanding as of March 31, 2011

RETAIL -- FCCL SERVICED PORTFOLIO



Delinquency, Repossession and Credit Loss Experience

	Year Ended December 31,								
Amounts in C\$		2010		2009		2008	2007		2006
Average number of contracts outstanding (1)		282,441		274,493		259,859	242,212		227,277
Average portfolio outstanding during the period (in millions) (2)	\$	5,640	\$	5,549	\$	4,964	\$ 4,468	\$	4,055
	Delino	uencies							
Average number of delinquencies (3)									
31-60 days		1,945		1,772		1,278	1,125		1,189
61-90 days		313		357		207	194		169
Over 90 days		35		48		31	27		19
Average number of delinquencies as a percentage of average									
number of contracts outstanding									
31-60 days		0.69%		0.65%		0.49%	0.46%		0.52%
61-90 days		0.11%		0.13%		0.08%	0.08%		0.07%
Over 90 days		0.01%		0.02%		0.01%	0.01%		0.01%
Reposses	sions	and Credi	t Lo	sse s					
Repossessions as a percentage of average number of contracts									
outstanding		0.85%		0.88%		0.52%	0.42%		0.44%
Aggregate net losses (in millions) (4)	\$	29	\$	34	\$	20	\$ 14	\$	11
Net losses as a percentage of average portfolio outstanding		0.52%		0.62%		0.41%	0.31%		0.26%
Net losses as a percentage of gross liquidations (5)		1.08%		1.40%		0.90%	0.63%		0.53%
Number of contracts charged off		2,975		3,145		1,892	1,581		1,530
Number of contracts charged off as a percentage of average									
number of contracts outstanding		1.05%		1.15%		0.73%	0.65%		0.67%
Average net loss on contracts charged off	\$	9,891	\$	10,897	\$	10,818	\$ 8,626	\$	6,981

⁽¹⁾ Average of the number of contracts outstanding at the beginning and end of each month in the period.

⁽²⁾ Average of the aggregate principal balance of contracts outstanding at the beginning and end of each month in the period.

⁽³⁾ The period of delinquency is the number of days that more than \$49.99 of a scheduled payment is past due, excluding contracts related to obligors in bankruptcy.

A) Net losses are equal to the aggregate balance (principal plus accrued finance and other charges) of all contracts that are determined by the servicer to be uncollectible in the period less any liquidation proceeds and other recoveries received in the period on contracts charged off in the period or any prior periods. Net losses exclude all external costs associated with repossession and disposition of the vehicle prior to charge off and include all external costs associated with continued collection efforts or repossession and disposition of the vehicle after charge off. An estimated loss is recorded at the time a vehicle is repossessed and this estimated loss is adjusted to reflect the actual loss after the vehicles is sold. Realized losses for a securitized pool of contracts are equal to the aggregate principal balance of all contracts that are determined by the servicer to be uncollectible in the period less any liquidation proceeds and other recoveries received in the period on contracts charged off in the period or any prior periods. In addition, realized losses for a securitized pool of contracts associated with the repossession and disposition of the vehicles in that pool because the servicer is entitled to be reimbursed for these costs. Therefore, realized losses for a securitized pool of contracts may be higher or lower than net losses for those contracts.

⁽⁵⁾ Gross liquidations are cash payments and charge offs that reduce the outstanding balance of a contract.

FLOORPLAN -- PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE



Loss Experience of FCCL's Dealer Floorplan Portfolio

			Year E	nded Dece	mber 31,	
		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	-	(C\$ in Millions)				
	Average principal balance ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,313	\$ 1,156	\$ 1,573	\$ 1,776	\$ 1,824
FCCL	Net losses (recoveries) ⁽²⁾	\$ 4.2	\$ 0.2	\$ 1.5	\$ (0.0)	\$ (0.9)
Portfolio	Net losses/average principal balance	0.323%	0.016%	0.097%	-0.001%	-0.048%
FULLION	Liquidations ⁽³⁾	\$ 8,254	\$ 7,507	\$ 7,918	\$ 9,279	\$ 9,918
	Net losses/liquidations	0.051%	0.002%	0.019%	0.000%	-0.900%
`						
Trust $\left\{ \right.$	Trust Net losses/average principal receivables balance ⁽³⁾	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%

- (1) Average principal balance is the average of the daily principal balances for the period indicated.
- (2) Net losses in any period are gross losses, including actual losses and estimated losses, less any recoveries, including actual recoveries and reductions in the amount of estimated losses, in each case, for such period. Recoveries include amounts received from any related security in addition to the financed vehicles.
- (3) Liquidations represent monthly cash payments and charge-offs that reduce the principal balance of a receivable.

Historical Floorplan Losses Show The Positive Effect Of Ford Credit Canada's Processes And The Experience Of Personnel